# 2008 Current Fiscal Year Report: National Task Force on Fetal Alcohol Syndrome and Fetal Alcohol Effect

Report Run Date: 04/26/2024 04:39:41 PM

**Number of Committee Reports Listed: 1** 

•			
1. Department or Agency			2. Fiscal
1. Department of Agency			Year
Department of Health and Human Services			2008
			3b. GSA
3. Committee or Sub	committee		Committee
			No.
National Task Force o	n Fetal Alco	hol	9491
Syndrome and Fetal A	Alcohol Effec	t	0.0.
4. Is this New During	5. Current	6. Expecte	d 7. Expected
Fiscal Year?	Charter	Renewal D	ate Term Date
No	05/17/2006	05/17/2008	10/25/2007
8a. Was Terminated	Buring 8b. S	Specific	8c. Actual
FiscalYear?	Tern	nination	Term Date
i isodi i cui .	Auth	ority	Tomi Bato
Yes	Sect	ion 399J [28	0f-3] 10/25/2007
9. Agency	10a	Legislation	10b.
Recommendation for	r Next	to Termina	Legislation
FiscalYear	точ	10 101111111	Pending?
Terminate	Yes		Enacted
11. Establishment Au	uthority Sta	tutory (Cong	gress Created)
12. Specific	13.	14.	14c.
Establishment Author	Effect	ive Comn	nitee Presidential?
Establishment Addit	Date	Type	i residentiai.
42 USC 241, 399(d) P	HS 05/24/	2000 Contir	uing No
Act 280f (Mandated)	00/2 1/	2000 0011111	iding 110
15. Description of Committee Scientific Technical Program			
Advisory Board			
16a. Total Number of	Reports 1		
16b. Report Report Title			
Date			
Report to Congress Preventing and			
08/01/2008	_	_	d
08/01/2008	Congress P FAS and Ot	_	d

## 1 17b. Closed 0 17c. Partially Closed 0 Other Activities 0 17d. Total 1

End

### **Meetings and Dates**

Purpose	Start
The objective of this conference call was to	
provide an update on the Task Force report,	
Reducing Alcohol-exposed Pregnancies, and	l
to call for a vote on this report. Various	
content revisions within the report were	
reviewed at this time. These were based on	
suggestions made by Task Force members	
at the previous Task Force meeting in	
September 2007. The final report	
recommendations were reviewed and	
discussed as well. After these deliberations,	
a unanimous vote was obtained to accept	10/24/2
the report recommendations. Also, a vote	
was taken to approve the report as written,	

2007 - 10/24/2007

prior to publication. This motion was supported unanimously. An update on the Call to Action report was also presented during this call along with some discussion regarding the timelines for the final Task Force report publications and possible

with the understanding that there may be additional minor editorial revisions made

dissemination strategies.

### **Number of Committee Meetings Listed: 1**

	Current FY	Next FY
18a(1). Personnel Pmts to	\$3,000.00	\$0.00
Non-Federal Members		
18a(2). Personnel Pmts to Federal Members	\$0.00	\$0.00
18a(3). Personnel Pmts to Federal Staff	\$66,988.00	\$0.00
18a(4). Personnel Pmts to Non-Member Consultants	\$0.00	\$0.00
18b(1). Travel and Per Diem to Non-Federal Members	\$0.00	\$0.00
18b(2). Travel and Per Diem to Federal Members	\$0.00	\$0.00
18b(3). Travel and Per Diem to Federal Staff	\$0.00	\$0.00
18b(4). Travel and Per Diem to Non-member Consultants	\$0.00	\$0.00

18c. Other(rents, user charges, graphics, printing, mail, etc.)

18d. Total \$73,488.00 \$0.00

19. Federal Staff Support 0.55 0.00

Years (FTE)

## 20a. How does the Committee accomplish its purpose?

The main goals of the Task Force are to advise governmental agencies, academic bodies, and community groups that conduct or support fetal alcohol syndrome and fetal alcohol effect research, programs, and surveillance and to meet the general needs of populations actually or potentially impacted by FAS and FAE. In the final year of the Task Force, approvals from Task Force members were obtained on the document, "Reducing Alcohol-exposed Pregnancies." Minor editorial revisions were also made to each of the Task Force documents and appropriate agency clearances are being obtained prior to submission to the HHS Secretary. Task Force deliberations in FY 2008 included the October 24, 2007 conference call that took place to undergo final deliberations and approvals of both Task Force reports along with discussion of dissemination strategies for these products.

## 20b. How does the Committee balance its membership?

The Task Force is comprised of 13 members including the Chair selected and appointed by the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Services, from authorities knowledgeable in the field of Fetal Alcohol Syndrome (FAS) and Fetal Alcohol Effect (FAE) and includes clinicians, researchers, parents or legal guardians of individuals with FAS/FAE, federal agencies representatives, state program directors, and state

representatives, and educators, and representatives from advocacy and research organizations that brings together a broad spectrum of individuals who are involved with and affected by FAS/FAE to consider issues and develop a more comprehensive view of what is needed. The Chairperson of the Interagency Coordinating Committee on Fetal Alcohol Syndrome of the Department of Health and Human Services was mandated to serve as a standing member to coordinate its efforts with the Task Force. The task force also includes seven liaison representatives from the following organizations: American Academy of Pediatrics; American Academy of Family Physicians; American College of Obstetrics and Gynecology; March of Dimes; National Organization on Fetal Alcohol Syndrome; The Arc of the United States; and the Center for Science in the Public Interest. Members are appointed to serve for overlapping terms of up to four years and emphasis is placed on equitable geographic location, racial/ethnic background, gender, minority and female representation, and areas of expertise.

## 20c. How frequent and relevant are the Committee Meetings?

The Task Force met one time via conference call in FY 2008 since the committee terminated on October 25, 2007. The Executive Secretary, Designated Federal Official, and writing group members continue to communicate via email regarding agency clearance processes and preparation of final reports for submission to the HHS Secretary. A Task Force listserv is available for discussions among Task Force members on particular topics or to alert members of new information, upcoming events, or special requests.

## 20d. Why can't the advice or information this committee provides be obtained elsewhere?

The Secretary is mandated under Section 399H of the Public Health Service Act, as amended (42 U.S.C. Section 280f), as amended by Public Law 105-392), to establish a National Task Force on Fetal Alcohol Syndrome and Fetal Alcohol Effect: (1) to foster coordination among all governmental agencies, academic bodies, and community groups that conduct or support fetal alcohol syndrome and fetal alcohol effect research, programs, and surveillance; and, (2) to otherwise meet the general needs of populations actually or potentially impacted by fetal alcohol syndrome (FAS) and fetal alcohol effect (FAE). The National Task Force includes clinicians, researchers, parents or legal guardians of individuals with FAS and FAE, federal agencies representatives, state program directors, and educators, and representatives from advocacy and research organizations that brings together a broad spectrum of individuals who are involved with and affected by FAS/FAE to consider issues and develop a more comprehensive view of what is needed. The Interagency Coordinating Committee on Fetal Alcohol Syndrome of the Department of Health and Human Services consists of Federal agencies only and is focused on interagency collaboration and elimination of duplication. Through its mandate, the Task Force works to 1) develop strategies to disseminate recommendations at Federal, State, and local levels; 2) partners with governmental and non-governmental agencies to adopt recommendations; and 3) assists agencies in their ongoing efforts to implement the recommendations. Implementation of these recommendations fulfill the mandate of the Task Force and result in enhanced programs and

research concerning the effectiveness of public health messages about drinking during pregnancy, to increase the knowledge and skills of health and social service providers in recognizing and intervening with women at risk for an alcohol-exposed pregnancy, to support and develop effective strategies for preventing and treating FAS and FAE, and to assure that efforts across agencies and organizations are coordinated and comprehensive. This mandate is not served by any existing Task Force or Committee.

## 20e. Why is it necessary to close and/or partially closed committee meetings?

The Task Force did not have any closed meetings during FY 2008. All meetings of the National Task Force on Fetal Alcohol Syndrome and Fetal Alcohol Effect are open to the public.

#### 21. Remarks

In October 2007, the CDC Fetal Alcohol Syndrome Prevention Team received a Congressional request to outline the contributions of the National Task Force on Fetal Alcohol Syndrome and Fetal Alcohol Effect since its inception in 2000. The request, from Senate Report 110-107, is as follows: Senate--Fetal Alcohol Spectrum Disorders- The Committee is concerned by the prevalence of fetal alcohol spectrum disorders [FASD] in the United States and notes that drinking during pregnancy is the Nation's leading known preventable cause of mental retardation and birth defects. To publicize and promote awareness of this critical public health information, the Committee has provided sufficient resources to continue these activities. The Committee notes that the National Task Force on Fetal Alcohol Syndrome and Fetal Alcohol

Effect is due to expire in October 2007. The Committee requests that the CDC submit a progress report within six months on the Task Force's contributions to preventing and reducing fetal alcohol spectrum disorders. The report should outline future plans for the Task Force, including programmatic and funding priorities. A Report to Congress entitled, Preventing and Reducing Fetal Alcohol Spectrum Disorders, was signed by the Director of CDC in August 2008 and forwarded to HHS. This report highlights CDC's FASD-related prevention activities and future priorities (a separate Congressional request made in the House) in addition to describing the goals and accomplishments of the National Task Force on Fetal Alcohol Syndrome and Fetal Alcohol Effect. Part O, Section 399H(d)(1) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. Section 280f-3) directs the establishment of the National Task Force on Fetal Alcohol Syndrome and Fetal Alcohol Effect. This legislation also includes a Sunset Provision (Section 399K) that reads "this part shall not apply on the date that is 7 years after the date on which all members of the National Task Force have been appointed under section 399H(d)(1)." The initial appointments took effect October 24, 2000, therefore, the committee officially terminated October 25, 2007.

### **Designated Federal Officer**

R. Louise Floyd Acting, Executive Secretary

Committee Members

Start End Occupation Member Designation

Barry, Kristen	10/16/2003	05/31/2007	Associate Director, Health Services Research and Development, Serious Mental Illness Treatment Research and Evaluation Center, Ann Arbor, Michigan	Special Government Employee (SGE) Member
Berner, James	10/19/2003	05/31/2007	Director, Office of Community Health Services, Alaska Native Tribal Health Consortium, Anchorage, Alaska	Special Government Employee (SGE) Member
Brenneman, George	10/20/2000	10/24/2007	Chair, Committee on Native American Child Health, American Academy of Pediatrics, Elkridge, Maryland	Representative Member
Brown, Carole	06/01/2005	05/31/2008	Research Associate Professor, Department of	Special Government Employee (SGE) Member
Caetano, Raul	06/01/2005	05/31/2007	Professor of Epidemiology and Regional Dean, The University of Texas School of Public Health, Dallas, Texas	Special Government Employee (SGE) Member
Chang, Grace	06/01/2006	05/31/2008	Associate Physician in Psychiatry, Department of Psychiatry, Brigham and Women's Hospital, Boston, Massachusetts	Special Government Employee (SGE) Member
Damus, Karla	10/20/2000	10/24/2007	Senior Research Associate, March of Dimes, White Plains, New York	Representative Member

Davis, Sharon	10/20/2000	10/24/2007	Member, National Health Promotion and Disability Prevention Committee, Reston, Virginia Faculty,	Representative Member
DeJoseph, Mary	06/01/2006	05/31/2009	Department of Osteopathic Manipulative Medicine, Philadelphia College of Osteopathic Medicine, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania	Special Government Employee (SGE) Member
Hacker, George	10/20/2000	10/24/2007	Director, Alcohol Policies Project, Center for Science in the Public Interest, Washington, D.C. Division Director,	Representative Member
Miller, Lisa	10/17/2003	05/31/2007	Disease Control and Environmental Epidemiology Division, Department of Public Health and Environment,	Special Government Employee (SGE) Member
Mitchell, Kathleen	10/20/2000	10/24/2007	Denver, Colorado Program Director and National Spokesperson, National Organization on Fetal Alcohol Syndrome, Washington, D.C.	Representative Member
Morris, Colleen	04/13/2004	05/31/2008	Chief, Genetics Division, University of Nevada School of	Special Government Employee

(SGE) Member

Medicine, Las Vegas, Nevada

O'Connor, Mary	06/01/2006	05/31/2009	Adjunct Professor, Department of Psychiatry and Biobehavioral Sciences, David Geffen School of Medicine at the University of California, Los Angeles	Special Government Employee (SGE) Member
Ohlemiller, Melinda	04/13/2004	05/31/2008	Director, Early Childhood, Prevention and Advocacy Services, Saint Louis Arc, Saint Louis, Missouri Psychologist and	Special Government Employee (SGE) Member
Olson, Heather	04/18/2004	05/31/2008	Clinical Supervisor, University of Washington Fetal Alcohol Syndrome Diagnostic and Prevention Network, Seattle, Washington	
Sokol, Robert	10/20/2000	10/24/2007	Director, Department of Obstetrics and Gynecology, C.S. Mott Center for Human Growth and Development, School of Medicine, Wayne State University, Detroit, Michigan	Representative Member
Warren, Kenneth	04/27/2006	10/25/2007	Associate Director for Basic Science Research, National Institute on Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism, National Institutes of Health, Rockville, Maryland	Regular Government Employee (RGE) Member
Wright, Jean	10/15/2003	05/31/2007	Executive Director, Backus Children's Hospital, Savannah, Georgia	Special Government Employee (SGE) Member

### **Narrative Description**

The Secretary is mandated under Section 399H of the Public Health Service Act, as amended (42 U.S.C. Section 280f, as added by Public Law 105-392), to establish the National Task Force on Fetal Alcohol Syndrome and Fetal Alcohol Effect. The Task Force (a) advises federal, state, and local programs and research concerning fetal alcohol syndrome (FAS) and fetal alcohol effect (FAE), including programs and research concerning education and public awareness for relevant service providers, school-age children, women at risk, and the general public medical diagnosis, interventions for women at risk of giving birth to children with FAS and FAE, and beneficial services for individuals with FAS and FAE and their families; (b) coordinate its efforts with the Interagency Coordinating Committee on Fetal Alcohol Syndrome of the Department of Health and Human Services; and (c) report, on a biennial basis, to the Secretary and relevant committees of Congress on the current and planned activities of the participating agencies. Since its inception, this Task Force has worked to identify priorities and put forth recommendations in the areas of FAS diagnosis, prevention, and service provision (for both women at risk for an alcohol-exposed pregnancy and children and families affected). This Task Force also promotes interagency and liaison member information sharing and collaboration in its efforts. The Task Force completed its final year in 2007, terminating on October 25, 2007. Current activities are focused on the finalization of two important Task Force products. The first is entitled, "Reducing Alcohol-exposed Pregnancies" and it is a report that describes evidence-based strategies to reduce alcohol misuse and alcohol-exposed pregnancies. This report puts forth recommendations to support the development, implementation, and expansion of evidence-based strategies to prevent alcohol-exposed pregnancies; to stress the importance of alcohol screening and provider education; and to promote further research on how best to intervene with women at greatest risk for alcohol-exposed pregnancies. The Task Force also puts forward several topics for consideration as future research directions in the

FASD prevention arena. The prevention report was reviewed and approved by the Task Force on October 24, 2007. Additionally, the Task Force reviewed and approved another important report, entitled "A Call to Action: Advancing Essential Services and Research on Fetal Alcohol Spectrum Disorders," which highlights recommendations to improve and expand efforts regarding early identification, diagnostic services, and quality research on interventions for individuals with FASDs and their families. Both of these reports are currently being prepared for submission to the HHS Secretary. Once vetted, these documents will be disseminated to relevant stakeholders including researchers, clinicians, decisionmakers, state and local health and social service entities, professional organizations, and caregivers interested in FASD prevention and interventions for children and families affected by FASDs.

### What are the most significant program outcomes associated

with this committee?	
	Checked if
	Applies
Improvements to health or safety	✓
Trust in government	
Major policy changes	
Advance in scientific research	✓
Effective grant making	✓
Improved service delivery	✓
Increased customer satisfaction	✓
Implementation of laws or regulatory	
requirements	
Other	
Outcome Comments	
NA	
What are the cost savings associated with th	is committee?
	Checked if Applies
None	
Unable to Determine	✓

Under \$100,000	
\$100,000 - \$500,000	
\$500,001 - \$1,000,000	
\$1,000,001 - \$5,000,000	
\$5,000,001 - \$10,000,000	
Over \$10,000,000	
Cost Savings Other	

#### **Cost Savings Comments**

NA

What is the approximate <u>Number</u> of recommendations produced by this committee for the life of the committee?

16

#### **Number of Recommendations Comments**

1. To recommend approval with revisions to the document, Reducing alcohol-exposed pregnancies (10/24/2007). Report is currently being prepared for submission to HHS. Completed.2. To recommend approval with revisions to the document, A Call to Action: Advancing Essential Services and Research on Fetal Alcohol Spectrum Disorders (FASDs). (09/12/07). Report is currently being prepared for submission to HHS. Completed.3. Recommend that Task Force representatives attend the FASD Leadership Institute to be convened by the Marcus Institute in October 2007. (02/13/07). Several Task Force members attended and participated in this meeting, October 22-24, 2007. The Call to Action document and recommendations were presented and discussed. Completed. 4. To endorse the work of the Post-Exposure Working Group and the document put before the Task Force during the February 2007 meeting for further work, development, discussion, and finalization. (02/13/07). Completed.5. To recommend that CDC provide a "Community Guide" approach for prevention interventions for FASD and that they have input into this process. (02/17/06). Based on the evidence presented by RTI, the Task Force decided not to proceed in using the Community Guide approach to systematically review the evidence of FASD studies since prevention studies at this time are limited. The Task Force did decide to prepare a report reviewing the evidence to date and to develop recommendations based on these. Completed.6. To convene an adhoc working group to discuss how to advise the Secretary and/or other appropriate entities on the promotion of a productive research agenda on FASDs (09/27/06). A smaller group from the Post-Exposure working group prepared the Call to Action document which was approved with revisions by the Task Force on 09/12/07). Completed.7. To direct CDC to investigate the feasibility of convening a meeting of appropriate stakeholders and clinicians involved

in the diagnosis and treatment of individuals with FASDs to begin the process of formulating diagnostic criteria or guidelines for alcohol-related neurodevelopmental disorders. (09/27/06). Initial plans to coordinate such a meeting have begun with involvement from CDC and NIAAA. Completed.8. To explore how the Task Force can commend the Subsance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA) FASD Center for Excellence on their work and express concern regarding the discontinuation of Center activities. (09/27/06). SAMHSA Center was refunded; no Task Force action taken. Not completed.9. To approve a letter to the Department of Education requesting that FAS be included in the list of conditions in the administrative regulations based on the reauthorization of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) regulations. (08/22/05). Completed.10. To recommend that a letter be sent from the Task Force endorsing the American Psychiatric Association's consideration on including FAS in the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM). (06/16/05). Not completed; tabled until the next revision of DSM in 2011.11. To recommend that the Surgeon General reissue the advisory on alcohol use in pregnancy -- a motion to request this reissuance of the advisory was made in April 2001. The advisory was reviewed and approved by the Task Force and received key federal agency support. The Surgeon General's Advisory on Alcohol Use in Pregnancy was released in February 2005. Completed.12. To recommend that FAS be included in the reauthorization of IDEA under "other health impairments." (12/9/04). Completed.13. To recommend that teachers complete a course on FAS as part of their teacher certification. (12/9/04). One federal agency funded a project to develop a program and curriculum to address this issue. Partially completed.14. To endorse the definition of Fetal Alcohol Spectrum Disorders (FASD) developed and approved by the Summit convened by the National Organization on FAS. (6/17/04). Completed.15. To approve the Fetal Alcohol Syndrome Guidelines for Referral and Diagnosis Report. (5/13/04). Completed.16. To recommend that the Center for Science in the Public Interest (CSPI) drafted a letter on behalf of the Task Force to support the CSPI's petition to revise the design specifications for alcoholic beverage warning labels. The CSPI liaison to the Task Force also recommended communication by the DHHS Secretary to the Treasury Secretary about this labeling issue. (09/20/02). The letter was drafted; however, it was later determined that this issue was no longer a priority at the agency directing these efforts. Partially completed.

What is the approximate <u>Percentage</u> of these recommendations that have been or will be <u>Fully</u> implemented by the agency?

75%

% of Recommendations <u>Fully</u> Implemented Comments

What is the approximate Percentage of twill be Partially implemented by the age 13%	these recommendations that have been or ncy?
% of Recommendations Partially Implem NA	nented Comments
Does the agency provide the committee implement recommendations or advice Yes No Not Applicable	with feedback regarding actions taken to offered?
Task Force listserv is available for discussi topics or to alert members of new informati CDC's National Center on Birth Defects an Coordinating Committee on Fetal Alcohol S Human Services, and other federal agencied during Task Force meetings to keep the metederal level.	and/or e-mails, to address pending action dissues that may arise between meetings. A ons among Task Force members on particular on, upcoming events, or special requests. d Developmental Disabilities; the Interagency Syndrome of the Department of Health and es provide formal presentations and updates embership abreast of ongoing activities at the
recommendation?	n as a result of the committee's advice or
	Checked if Applies
Reorganized Priorities	<b>✓</b>
Reallocated resources	
Issued new regulation	
Proposed legislation	
Approved grants or other payments	
Other	
Action Comments	

Is the Committee engaged in the review of applications for grants?

No

NA

#### **Grant Review Comments**

NA

### How is access provided to the information for the Committee's documentation?

	Checked if Applies
Contact DFO	✓
Online Agency Web Site	✓
Online Committee Web Site	<b>√</b>
Online GSA FACA Web Site	<b>√</b>
Publications	
Other	

#### **Access Comments**

The meetings, minutes, Charter, membership roster, and mission of the National Task Force on Fetal Alcohol Syndrome (FAS) and Fetal Alcohol Effect (FAE) can be accessed through CDC's National Center on Birth Defects and Developmental Disabilities web site. A web page for the Task Force has been designed to keep the membership, advocacy and research organizations, parents or legal guardians of individuals with FAS and FAE, the general public, and other Federal agencies abreast of ongoing activities.