2006 Current Fiscal Year Report: Endocrine Disruptor Methods Validation Advisory Committee

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1. Department or Agency 2. Fiscal Year

Environmental Protection Agency 2006

3b. GSA
3. Committee or Subcommittee

Committee No.

Endocrine Disruptor Methods Validation

Advisory Committee 21496

4. Is this New During 5. Current6. Expected7. ExpectedFiscal Year?CharterRenewal DateTerm DateNo05/06/200405/06/200605/06/2006

8a. Was Terminated During 8b. Specific Termination Authority 8c. Actual Term Date

Yes 05/06/2006

9. Agency 10b.

Recommendation for Next Req to Terminate?

| Continue of the c

Terminate No

11. Establishment Authority Agency Authority

12. Specific 13. 14.

Establishment Effective Committee Presidential?

Authority Date Type

Request for Approval 04/23/2004 Continuing No

15. Description of Committee Scientific Technical Program

Advisory Board

16a. Total

No Reports for this FiscalYear

Reports

17a

2 17b. Closed 0 17c. Partially Closed 0 Other Activities 0 17d. Total 2

Meetings and Dates

Purpose Start End

Review EDMVAC mission statement and operating procedures; Update on EDMVAC Workplan; Review and discuss the Males and Female Pubertal Rat Assay, The Avian Species Comparison Study, Optimization of Steroidogenesis using the H295R cell line, EDSP's applied approach to validation, Avian Dosing Study, Avian 2-Generation Tier II Assay, and the OECD Uterotrophic Peer Review Report.

11/30/2005 - 12/02/2005

Review EDMVAC mission statement and operating procedures; Update on EDMVAC work plan; Review and discuss the Aromatase Assay, Steroidogenesis Cell Base H295R Assay, Male and Female Pubertals Interlaboratory Study, Fish Screen Assay Validation Status, and EDSP's

Applied Approach to Validation.

04/18/2006 - 04/20/2006

Number of Committee Meetings Listed: 2

| | Current FY FY |
|------------------------------|--------------------|
| 18a(1). Personnel Pmts to | \$0.00\$0.00 |
| Non-Federal Members | ψ0.00 ψ0.00 |
| 18a(2). Personnel Pmts to | \$15,000.00\$0.00 |
| Federal Members | ψ13,000.00ψ0.00 |
| 18a(3). Personnel Pmts to | \$200,060.00\$0.00 |
| Federal Staff | ψ200,000.00 ψ0.00 |
| 18a(4). Personnel Pmts to | \$0.00\$0.00 |
| Non-Member Consultants | φο.σσφο.σσ |
| 18b(1). Travel and Per Diem | \$39,998.00\$0.00 |
| to Non-Federal Members | ψ00,000.00 ψ0.00 |
| 18b(2). Travel and Per Diem | \$7,983.00\$0.00 |
| to Federal Members | Ψ1,303.00 ψ0.00 |
| 18b(3). Travel and Per Diem | \$2,500.00\$0.00 |
| to Federal Staff | Ψ2,300.00 Ψ0.00 |
| 18b(4). Travel and Per Diem | \$0.00\$0.00 |
| to Non-member Consultants | φο.σσφο.σσ |
| 18c. Other(rents,user | |
| charges, graphics, printing, | \$135,662.00\$0.00 |
| mail, etc.) | |
| 18d. Total | \$401,203.00\$0.00 |
| 19. Federal Staff Support | 1.50 0.00 |
| Years (FTE) | 1.00 0.00 |

20a. How does the Committee accomplish its purpose?

The EDMVAC met twice in 2006, in November/December and April. At those meetings the EDMVAC recommended that development work on the Steroidogenesis sliced testes assay be postponed. EDMVAC recommended EPA pursue the Steroidogenesis h295r cell line assay in lieu of the sliced testes version. The EPA has accepted this recommendation. The actual recommendation can be viewed on the EDMVAC website at www.epa.gov/scipoly/oscpendo.

20b. How does the Committee balance its membership?

Membership to EDMVAC are solicited through the Federal Register and special attention is placed on ensuring balanced membership in terms of expertise and stakeholder representation. Members were selected on the basis of their relevant scientific expertise (e.g. endocrinology, mammalian and eco-toxicology, in-vitro testing, biostatistics, wildlife biology, icthyology) and diversity of perspectives on endocrine disruptor screening and testing methods and procedures, and toxicity test methods standardization and validation. Members were selected with balanced representation from the following sectors: the agrichemical and commodity chemical industries; environmental/public interest groups; industry and trade associations; Federal, State, local and Tribal governments; public health organizations; academia; and the general public. Selected staff from the Office of Pesticide Programs, Office of Pollution Prevention and Toxics, and the EDSP evaluated the nominees and made recommendations of selection to OPPTS management. The final recommendations are then forwarded to OGC and Agency Management for

final review and approval.

20c. How frequent and relevant are the Committee Meetings?

Estimated number of meetings is 4 per year. Estimated Total Meetings - 8. The EDMVAC met twice in FY 2006 to discuss Uterotrophic Fish Screen Assay, Avian species, and the Adult Male Rat Assay.

20d. Why can't the advice or information this committee provides be obtained elsewhere?

The Agency's Endocrine Disruptor Screening Program is the only mandated endocrine program in the world. The identification, development and validation of endocrine screening and testing assays are at the forefront of both science and policy. The EDMVAC reviews protocols and data associated with optimization studies, intra-laboratory demonstrations and inter-laboratory testing on each of the 14 assays under consideration by the Agency. There are no other Agency committees in existence which include the broad spectrum of stakeholders in combination with the scientific expertise required to evaluate and provide advice on such technical material in such a large volume. The EDMVAC provides the forum to engage the public, stakeholders, and other interested parties, which they demanded, at this uniquely technical level and communicates the level of importance endocrine issues have in the Agency. The EDMVS was originally established in response to multiple stakeholder concerns about the validation of these assays and the lack of a mechanism for ALL interested parties to provide advice, input and opinions. Validating the assays involves literature reviews, study plans, protocols and data associated with optimization studies,

intra-laboratory demonstrations and inter-laboratory testing on each of the 14 assays under consideration by the Agency. The transparency of the EDSP program and the science through the FACA process will facilitate the adoption of policy and regulatory decisions in the future by the Agency. There are no other existing public forums which focus on the time-sensitive and often controversial issues emanating from the Food Quality Protection Act, involving endocrine issues, specifically, the validation of assays for the endocrine disruptor screening program.

20e. Why is it necessary to close and/or partially closed committee meetings?

There were no closed meetings in FY 2006.

21. Remarks

This committee sunset on May 6, 2006

Designated Federal Officer

William E Wooge Biologist/Designated Federal official

| Committee Members | Start | End | Occupation | Member Designation |
|-----------------------|------------|------------|--|--|
| Christian, Mildred | 11/01/2004 | 05/06/2006 | President, Argus International, Inc | Representative Member |
| Combes, Robert | 11/01/2004 | 05/06/2006 | Scientific Director, Fund for the Replacement of Animals in Medical Research (FRAME) | Representative Member |
| Curren, Rodger | 11/01/2004 | 05/06/2006 | President, Institute for In Vitro Sciences, Inc. | Representative Member |
| Fairbrother, Anne | 11/01/2004 | 05/06/2006 | US EPA | Regular Government Employee (RGE) Member |
| Foster, Paul | 11/01/2004 | 05/06/2006 | National Institute for Environmental Health | Regular Government Employee (RGE) Member |

| Hattan, David | 11/01/2004 | 05/06/2006 | FDA, Office of Food Additive Safety | Regular Government Employee (RGE) Member |
|------------------------|------------|------------|---|--|
| Jobling, Susan | 11/01/2004 | 05/06/2006 | Senior Fellow/Consultant Senior | Representative Member |
| Kelce, William | 11/01/2004 | 05/06/2006 | Scientist/Director, Pozen Pharmaceutical | Representative Member |
| Kennedy, Sean | 11/01/2004 | 05/06/2006 | Research Scientist, National Wildlife Research Centre | Representative Member |
| Kim, Nancy | 11/01/2004 | 05/06/2006 | Director Division of Envorinmental Health Assessment, NY State | Representative Member |
| LeBlanc, Gerald | 11/01/2004 | 05/06/2006 | Professor of Toxicology, NC State | Representative Member |
| Levine, Steven | 11/01/2004 | 05/06/2006 | Associate Fellow-Ecotoxicology, Monsanto Company | Representative Member |
| Orlando, Edward | 11/01/2004 | 05/06/2006 | Assistant Professor of Biology, Florida Atlantic University | Representative Member |
| Osimitz, Thomas | 11/01/2004 | 05/06/2006 | President, Science Strategies, LLC | Representative Member |
| Owens, James | 11/01/2004 | 05/06/2006 | Principal Scientist , Procter & Gamble Company | Representative Member |
| Snyder, Shane | 11/01/2004 | 05/06/2006 | Research and Development Project Manager, Southern Nevade Water Authority | Representative Member |
| Stevens, James | 11/01/2004 | 05/06/2006 | Professor, Department of Physiology and Pharmacology, Wake Forest University | Representative Member |
| Stokes, William | 11/01/2004 | 05/06/2006 | Director, Interagency Center for the Evauation of Alternative Toxicological Methods, NIEHS | Regular Government Employee (RGE) Member |
| Van der Kraak, Glen | 11/01/2004 | 05/06/2006 | Associate Dean of Research, College of Biological Science, University of Guelph | Representative Member |

Affiliate Associate
Professor, Center for

deFur, Peter

11/01/2004 05/06/2006

Environmental Studies, Virginia Representative Member

Commonwealth University

Number of Committee Members Listed: 20

Narrative Description

Over the last several years, concern has grown about exposure to endocrine-disrupting, or hormonally active, chemicals. Evidence suggests that exposure to chemicals that mimic hormones (endocrine disruptors) may cause adverse health effects in wildlife and may affect human health as well. EPA is working to reduce uncertainty in our knowledge of endocrine disruptors, determine chemicals' potential for endocrine disruption, and identify the nature of adverse effects. EPA's strategic plan (goal 4) involves healthy communities and ecosystems by enhancing science and research (obj. 4.4) by providing the best available science. The EDMVAC provides scientific and technical advice on the testing protocols being developed and validated that will be used to assess chemicals' and pesticides' potential for endocrine disruption.

What are the most significant program outcomes associated with this committee?

| | Checked | if |
|--------------------------------------|---------|---------------|
| | Applies | |
| Improvements to health or safety | | ✓ |
| Trust in government | | ✓ |
| Major policy changes | | |
| Advance in scientific research | | ✓ |
| Effective grant making | | |
| Improved service delivery | | |
| Increased customer satisfaction | | ✓ |
| Implementation of laws or regulatory | | ✓ |
| requirements | | (X .) |
| Other | | |

Outcome Comments

What are the cost savings associated with this committee?

| | Checked if Applies |
|----------------------------|--------------------|
| None | |
| Unable to Determine | ✓ |
| Under \$100,000 | |
| \$100,000 - \$500,000 | |
| \$500,001 - \$1,000,000 | |
| \$1,000,001 - \$5,000,000 | |
| \$5,000,001 - \$10,000,000 | |
| Over \$10,000,000 | |
| Cost Savings Other | |
| | |

Cost Savings Comments

NA

What is the approximate <u>Number</u> of recommendations produced by this committee for the life of the committee?

1

Number of Recommendations Comments

The EDMVAC recommended that the Agency no longer pursue the validation of the Steroidogenesis Sliced Testes Assay.

What is the approximate <u>Percentage</u> of these recommendations that have been or will be <u>Fully</u> implemented by the agency?

100%

% of Recommendations Fully Implemented Comments

The EDMVAC recommended that the Agency no longer pursue the validation of the Steroidogenesis Sliced Testes Assay.

What is the approximate $\underline{\text{Percentage}}$ of these recommendations that have been or will be $\underline{\text{Partially}}$ implemented by the agency?

% of Recommendations Partially Implemented Comments

NA

| Does the agency provide the committee vimplement recommendations or advice or | |
|---|--|
| Yes No Not Applicable | |
| Agency Feedback Comments | |
| The Agency prepared a reponse to EDMVA0. The recommendation and Agency response docket. | |
| What other actions has the agency taken recommendation? | as a result of the committee's advice or |
| | Checked if Applies |
| Reorganized Priorities | ✓ |
| Reallocated resources | |
| Issued new regulation | |
| Proposed legislation | |
| Approved grants or other payments | |
| Other | ≪ |
| Action Comments | |
| The EDMVAC provides a wide range of advi | ce on the endocrine disruptors screening |
| program protocols and assays, for example, | the number of laboratories to use for testing, |
| the chemicals to use for testing (positives an | - |
| type of water (distilled, RO, tap), the number | |
| tools to employ for data analyses, to name a advice or recommendations of the EDMVAC | as the assays progress through the iterative |
| stages of validation. | as the assays progress through the torative |
| Is the Committee engaged in the review of No. | of applications for grants? |
| Grant Review Comments | |
| NA | |
| How is access provided to the informatio | n for the Committee's documentation? |
| | Checked if Applies |
| Contact DFO | ✓ |
| Online Agency Web Site | √ |

| Online Committee Web Site | |
|---------------------------|---|
| Online GSA FACA Web Site | ✓ |
| Publications | |
| Other | ✓ |

Access Comments

EPA's Electronic Docket.