2004 Current Fiscal Year Report: Industry Sector Advisory Committee on **Building Products and Other Materials for Trade Policy Matters (ISAC 9)**

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2. Fiscal 1. Department or Agency Year Department of Commerce 2004 3b. GSA 3. Committee or Subcommittee Committee No.

Industry Sector Advisory Committee on Building

Products and Other Materials for Trade Policy 344

Matters (ISAC 9)

4. Is this New During 5. Current 6. Expected 7. Expected Fiscal Year? Charter **Renewal Date Term Date** 06/16/2004 Nο 03/17/2004 03/18/2004

8b. Specific 8a. Was Terminated During Termination 8c. Actual FiscalYear? **Term Date** Authority

Yes 06/16/2004

10b. 9. Agency 10a. Legislation

Recommendation for Next Legislation Reg to Terminate? **FiscalYear** Pending?

Terminate No

11. Establishment Authority Statutory (Congress Created)

13. 14 12. Specific

14c. Effective Commitee Establishment Presidential?

Authority Date Type

19 U.S.C. 2155 01/03/1975 Continuing No

15. Description of Committee National Policy Issue Advisory

Board

16a. Total Number of Reports 5

16b. Report Report Title

Date

02/12/2004 ISAC 9 Priority Trade Issues

ISAC 9 Statutory Advisory Report on

03/06/2004 U.S.-Australia Free Trade

Agreement.

ISAC 9 Statutory Advisory Report on

03/06/2004 U.S.-Central America Free Trade

Agreement

ISAC 9 Statutory Advisory Report on

04/02/2004 U.S.- Morocco Free Trade

Agreement.

ISAC 9 Statutory Advisory Report on

04/16/2004 U.S.-Dominican-Republic Free Trade

Agreement

Number of Committee Reports Listed: 5

0 17b. Closed 4 17c. Partially Closed 0 Other Activities 0 17d. Total 4 Open

Meetings and Dates

Purpose	Start	End
To discuss High-Priority Trade Issues, the		
Department of Commerce Manufacturing		
Initiative, Free Trade Agreement in the		
Americas negotiations, the free trade		
agreement with CAFTA, the Free Trade	02/12/2004	- 02/12/2004
Agreement with Australia, WTO compatibility		
with several free trade agreements, China		
business issues, EU enlargement		
negotiations, and high foreign tariff rates.		
To discuss and approve the Committee's		
reports on the CAFTA-US FTA and the	03/04/2004	- 03/04/2004
Australia_US FTA.		
To discuss and approve the Committee's	04/04/2004	- 04/01/2004
report on the Morocco-US FTA.	04/01/2004	- 04/01/2004
To discuss and approve the Committee's	04/45/2004	04/45/2004
report on the Dominican Republic-US FTA.	04/15/2004	- 04/15/2004

Number of Committee Meetings Listed: 4

	FY	τ	FY FY
18a(1). Personnel Pmts to Non-Federal Members	\$0	0.00	\$0.00
18a(2). Personnel Pmts to Federal Members	\$0	0.00	\$0.00
18a(3). Personnel Pmts to Federal Staff	\$54,300	0.00	\$0.00
18a(4). Personnel Pmts to Non-Member Consultants	\$0	0.00	\$0.00
18b(1). Travel and Per Diem to Non-Federal Members	\$0	0.00	\$0.00

18b(2). Travel and Per Diem to Federal Members	\$0.00\$0.00
18b(3). Travel and Per Diem to Federal Staff	\$0.00\$0.00
18b(4). Travel and Per Diem to Non-member Consultants	\$0.00\$0.00
18c. Other(rents,user charges, graphics, printing, mail, etc.)	\$0.00\$0.00
18d. Total	\$54,300.00\$0.00
19. Federal Staff Support Years (FTE)	0.30 0.30

20a. How does the Committee accomplish its purpose?

ISAC 9 provided advice and recommendations on a wide range of trade policy issues affecting the building products industry. Key issues in FY 2004 included: Doha Round of WTO negotiations, CAFTA-US Free Trade Agreement, Australia-US Free Trade Agreement, Morocco-US Free Trade Agreement Free Trade Area of the Americas negotiations, Environmental Regulations and Global Warming, China WTO Compliance, Building Product standards, and Dominican Republic-US Free Trade Agreement.Other issues included: DoC Manufacturing Initiative, Super 301 report on foreign trade barriers, Generalized System of Preferences, High Foreign Tariff Rates, Foreign corrupt practices, Foreign sales corporations, and European Union enlargement. ISAC 9 accomplished most of its work at the regular meetings held quarterly. During these meetings, the Committee advised U.S. officials who want industry advice, and conversely, the Committee was briefed by U.S. officials on subjects of concern to the building products industry. As part of the advisory process, ISAC 9 produced a quarterly priorities statement, which states the highest-priority trade issues and the

ISAC position on these issues. This priorities statement is reviewed and updated at each meeting given informally to interested trade officials at USTR and Commerce. The Committee also prepared four reports on the four FTAs that were concluded between Oct.1, 2003 and May 1, 2004: Cafta-US FTA, Australia-US FTA, Morocco-US FTA, and Dominican Republic-US FTA.

20b. How does the Committee balance its membership?

ISAC 9 represents most of the wide variety of building materials that are produced by this sector. Among the many products represented are: glass, window screens, gypsum board, ceiling tiles, floor tiles, vinyl flooring, insulation, plumbing products, door locks, prefabricated housing, insulation, steel pipe, cement, and builders' hardware. The membership is mostly drawn from large companies, although two small businesses are represented. Two of the members are trade associations, which often reflect the views of smaller businesses.

20c. How frequent and relevant are the Committee Meetings?

The Committee meets approximately four times a year. However, the actual number of meetings is dictated by Government need for private sector advice. The U.S. Government will be engaged in multilateral and bilateral trade policy initiatives including Asia-Pacific Economic Cooperation, Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development issues, Japan, World Trade Organization implementation and accession by Russia, China, Saudi Arabia, and other countries, and enforcement of trade agreements. The advice the Government receives from the private sector

through the advisory committee will be an on-going process and will be an intrinsic part of developing U.S. positions for all policy negotiations.

20d. Why can't the advice or information this committee provides be obtained elsewhere?

The Committee structure ensures a unique source of information to the Government. All members have security clearances and through a continuing dialogue with Government officials are made aware of Government trade policy at a level not otherwise available to the private sector. Because this Committee remains current in the broad spectrum of trade policy rather than a single facet--as would be the case in the absence of a committee structure--the private sector input from the committee is more pertinent. The advisory committee program, legislatively mandated, is the single formal comprehensive consultative link between the U.S. Government and U.S. industry and has the responsibility to address all issues concerning trade policy.

20e. Why is it necessary to close and/or partially closed committee meetings?

The Industry Consultations Program was established by the Trade Act of 1974 and in accordance with the Federal Advisory Committee Act (FACA). Subsection 135(f) of the Trade Act provides that the ISACs shall be exempt from the provisions of the FACA relating to open meetings, public notice, public participation, and public availability of documents when it is determined that the proceedings would, if disclosed, seriously compromise the Government's negotiating objectives or bargaining positions regarding trade policy matters. ISAC meetings routinely involve these kinds of discussions. The United States

Trade Representative (USTR) evaluates each meeting agenda and issues a Notice of Determination when it is necessary to close meetings.

21. Remarks

Designated Federal Officer

Patrick H. MacAuley DFO

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Committee Members	Start	End	Occupation	Member Designation
				Special
			USG	Government
Bell, Robert	03/17/2002	06/16/2004	Corporation	Employee (SGE)
			Corporation	Member
				Special
			Representing	Government
Bruce, John	03/17/2002	06/16/2004	Tile Council of	Employee (SGE)
			America	Member
Forror			Guardian	Special Government
Farrar, Stephen	03/17/2002	06/16/2004	Industries	Employee (SGE)
Stephen			Corporation	Member
Higgono			Plumbing	Special Government
Higgens, Barbara	03/17/2002	06/16/2004	Manufacturers	
Daibara			Institute	Employee (SGE) Member
			A l	Special
Lawless, K.	03/17/2002	06/16/2004	Almerica	Government
			Overseas, inc	Employee (SGE)
				Member
1			American Cast	Special
Lyons,	03/17/2002	06/16/2004	Iron Pipe	Government
Marcus			Company	Employee (SGE)
				Member
NA. rate and			Deter	Special
Mudford,	03/17/2002	06/16/2004	Detex	Government
Anthony			Corporation	Employee (SGE)
				Member
Dendell				Special
Randall,	03/17/2002	06/16/2004	TRACO, Inc.	Government
Robert				Employee (SGE)
				Member
0 1				Special
Santomeno,	03/17/2002	06/16/2004	Isolatek	Government
Charles			International	Employee (SGE)
				Member
•			American	Special
Sorensen,	03/17/2002	06/16/2004	Homes	Government
Kent			International	Employee (SGE)
				Member

Number of Committee Members Listed: 10

Narrative Description

The Committee provided advice and recommendations on a wide variety of trade policy issues affecting the building products industry, such as the Free Trade Agreement in the Americas, the DOC Manufacturing Initiative, the CAFTA-US Free Trade Agreement, and the Australia-US Free Trade Agreement. The Committee accomplished most of its work at meetings and teleconferences.

What are the most significant program outcomes associated with this committee?

	01 - 1 - 1''
	Checked if
	Applies
Improvements to health or safety	
Trust in government	✓
Major policy changes	
Advance in scientific research	
Effective grant making	
Improved service delivery	
Increased customer satisfaction	
Implementation of laws or regulatory	
requirements	
Other	
Outcome Comments	
NA	
VAIIngt are the east acrimus associated with the	io committee?
What are the cost savings associated with th	
N.	Checked if Applies
None	
Unable to Determine	✓
Under \$100,000	
\$100,000 - \$500,000	
\$500,001 - \$1,000,000	
\$1,000,001 - \$5,000,000	

\$5,000,001 - \$10,000,000 Over \$10,000,000 Cost Savings Other
Cost Savings Comments The committee provides inside business information to trade negotiators, which helps negotiators to develop better trade policies. This is valuable information, but we cannot estimate the cost of obtaining this information because it would be otherwise unobtainable.
What is the approximate <u>Number</u> of recommendations produced by this committee for the life of the committee?
Number of Recommendations Comments During FY2004 the committee submitted 5 written reports. In addition the committee provides oral advice and specialized industry information during closed meetings.
What is the approximate Percentage of these recommendations that have been or will be Fully implemented by the agency? 0%
% of Recommendations Fully Implemented Comments US trade officials listen to advice, and take it into consideration, but are not required to implement it in whole or in part.
What is the approximate $\underline{\text{Percentage}}$ of these recommendations that have been or will be $\underline{\text{Partially}}$ implemented by the agency? 0%
% of Recommendations <u>Partially</u> Implemented Comments NA
Does the agency provide the committee with feedback regarding actions taken to implement recommendations or advice offered? Yes No No Applicable
Agency Feedback Comments

NA

recommendation?	
	Checked if Applies
Reorganized Priorities	×
Reallocated resources	
Issued new regulation	
Proposed legislation	
Approved grants or other payments	
Other	
Action Comments	
NA	
Is the Committee engaged in the review	v of applications for grants?
No	
Grant Review Comments	
NA	
How is access provided to the informat	tion for the Committee's documentation?
	Checked if Applies
Contact DFO	\checkmark
Online Agency Web Site	✓
Online Committee Web Site	
Online GSA FACA Web Site	✓
Publications	
Other	
Access Comments	

NA

What other actions has the agency taken as a result of the committee's advice or